

Religious Education Progression of Knowledge, Experience and Skills in Religious Education – 2022-2023

Key Skills: A, B, C, D, E, F

At Grange Primary school, we follow the Harrow Agreed Syllabus for RE and aim to contribute to the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of our pupils.

The intention is to ensure that the RE curriculum will engage, inspire, challenge and encourage pupils, equipping them with the knowledge and skills to answer challenging questions, explore and develop an understanding of the different religious and non-religious beliefs, values and traditions.

Through this learning, they will be able to show sensitivity and respect for the beliefs and practices of others and in particular those whose faith and beliefs may differ from their own, across our multicultural society. The pupils will know how religious education promotes judgement and enables pupils to deal with prejudice, allowing them to join in and contribute positively to society.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	How do we choose what food to eat? <u>B/F Hinduism</u>	What is interesting about the Christmas story? <u>A/E Christianity</u>	What kind of person was Jesus? C/D <u>A/E Christianity</u>	What can we learn from faith and other stories? <u>A/F Christianity and</u> <u>Humanism</u>	How do Islam and other faiths use water and why? <u>B/E Islam</u>	How can we help other people? (CF)
KNOWLEDG E	Children will be helped to understand the importance of exercise and to make healthy choices in relation to food, how different religions eat certain food during celebrations and about being thankful. Children will relate familiar people in their lives with those at school who also	Children will use stories from other cultures and topics to discuss why the Christmas story is so special around the world. This will relate to their own performance of the Nativity.	Christianity Easter story They will begin to learn about Jesus through different stories about him and about what makes him so special.	Christianity and Humanism Children will consolidate their understanding about retelling stories by looking at stories with a moral such as Aesop's fables. They will be encouraged to think about moral and ethical questions	Children will be helped to understand the importance of hygiene when entering a place of worship. As well as the value of water and its significance in other faiths such as Hinduism (Pooja) and Christianity (baptism)	

help them e.g. class teacher, team, cleaners Diwali and wh to celebrate it.	velfare etc. Story of at people do		which they will then use to discuss what they would do in that particular situation. Chinese new year link to different animals and		
			their strengths/animals in fables eg The lion and the mouse.		
EXPERIENCE & SKILLSTo understand making good fr is good for the • To begin to different foods different celeb • To understan of Diwali and w celebrated • To know how celebrated. • Interview pe school who he them safe. • Invite people outside school fighters, nurse Use own unde people at hom to recognise h at school.	bod choices ir health.experiences about Christmas and their understanding of the story. • Perform Nativity • Talk about some of the ways in which people show care, concern and love for each other and why that is important.v Diwali is ople at lp to keepexperiences about Christmas and their understanding of the story. • Talk about some of the ways in which people show care, concern and love for each other and why that is important.	To understand how making good food choices is good for their health. • To begin to associate different foods with different celebrations. • To understand the story of Diwali and why it is celebrated • To know how Diwali is celebrated. • Interview people at school who help to keep them safe. • Invite people who help outside school e.g. fire fighters, nurses, doctors • Use own understanding of people at home who help to recognise helpful people at school	Respond to other familiar stories and retell them using expression. • Begin to question actions from a story and express their views and opinions. • Use their own experiences to help answer moral and ethical dilemmas. • Understand the importance of learning from stories and how it helps them to make their daily choices. • Read the story of Chinese New Year and the importance of it for certain cultures	 Share your own experiences about using water every day. Respond carefully to resources about water fiction/nonfiction. Water in different parts of the world and its importance- first world vs third world 	Share own experiences about using water every day. • Respond carefully to resources about water and how they are used in different faiths. • What is the significance of water to the world?

Year 1	What can we learn from	What makes faith	How do we respond when	Is it important to have a	How do holy books teach	What can Christians learn
	the Diwali story about	buildings so special?	we hear certain sounds?	day that is different from	religious people about	from the teachings of Jesus?
	good and evil in our own	0		other days?	being close to God?	C C
	lives?	B/F Sikhism	C/D Islam		A/F Christianity and	C/E Christianity
1				B/D Judaism and	Zoroastrianism	<u>-,,</u>
l	A/E Hinduism			Christianity		
	Children will learn to	Children will be	Children will learn about	Children will be	Children will learn about	Recall gospel stories from the
KNOWLEDGE	understand the	encouraged to learn	how music and song are	encouraged to learn	the importance of books	Bible, learnt from EYFS about
	importance of good and	the correct names for	connected to our memories	about different faiths	and how they are values in	helping others. Children will
	bad choices and how they	religious buildings and	which hold a special place in	having a particular	society today.	be encouraged to remember
	are important in religion	the names for each	our hearts and minds.	special day, on which	They will then learn to	the role of Jesus in Christianity
	too. They will explore	part.	It also helps people of faith	they perform certain	understand how religious	and the stories that helped to
	religious stories, such as		to think about God as well	ritual, eat special foods	books are different and yet	shape his presence e.g. the
	Ram and Sita, to	They will also	as helping people to clear	or wear special dresses.	full of stories like their own.	Good Samaritan, 2 loaves and
	understand the idea of	recognise that each	their minds when praying.	To understand why	Children will learn to	5 fishes etc.
	good versus evil and how	part of a religious		special days are	explore how the Bible helps	They will also begin to infer
	good triumphed through	building has a specific	To know the order of prayer	important in Judaism and	Christians live their lives	how the stories help
	Diwali celebrations.	purpose.	in Islam and how different	Christianity as the	and also learn from the	Christians to lead good lives
	They will explore other		words are sung to represent	Sabbath and how this	holy scriptures in	and make good choices in
	good over evil stories too	Children will	the different stages of	relates to the Bible.	Zoroastrianism.	order to help each other.
	e.g. Prophet Ismail and	understand why these	prayer.	Children will also be	Why do holy books share	Children will also relate this to
	Ibrahim stoning the devil,	buildings are special	Children will also be able to	encouraged to infer how	how we should be living	stories from other religions
	Mahabharat, Pesach (story	and how religious	relate different sounds from	special days help to bring	our lives?	e.g. Rama, Prophet
	of Moses and Pharaoh.)	buildings are used all	other religions and their	together families and		Muhammed and the Spider,
	This will encourage them	over the world.	significance too e.g. bell in	communities		Moses and the parting seas
	to think about their own	They will also learn	Hinduism, singing in Sikhism,			etc and how their good deeds
	choices and reflect on any	about role of places of	singing hymns, gong in			are used to teach people
	bad choices they may have	worship in the lives of	Buddhism, shofar in Judaism			today
	made and how they were	those of a faith i.e.				
	able to learn from them.	Sikhism and the				
l		Gurdwara.				
EXPERIENCE	A: remember key parts of a	B: use some of the	C: Recognise some key	B: use some of the right	A: remember key parts of a	C: Recognise some key
& SKILLS	story from our unit on	right names for things	artefacts and symbols	names for things that are	story from our unit on	artefacts and symbols
	Hinduism and Christianity.	that are special to	featured in religions and	special to members of	Hinduism and Christianity.	featured in religions and other
	Why are these stories	members of religions	other belief systems.	religions and other belief	Why are these stories	belief systems. Children talk
				systems.		

	remembered and what is their significance? Are there any stories about Zoroastrianism that children can remember? E: Talk about what I find interesting about the things I have learnt about different faiths and other belief systems. To relate this to our understanding of what bad and good means.	and other belief systems. To answer with reference to special buildings (Sikhism) and prayer (Islam) F: Talk about what is important to me and to other people with respect for feelings. To discuss this with relation to faith buildings and places of worship, talking about where we pray and why.	Children talk about the features of holy places. D: Talk about things that happen to me on different days of the week and if I do something special at the weekend and why. To know what we do together as a family and think about why we do them.	To answer with reference to special buildings (Sikhism) and prayer (Islam) D: Talk about things that happen to me on different days of the week and if I do something special at the weekend and why. To know what we do together as a family and think about why we do them.	remembered and what is their significance? Are there any stories about Zoroastrianism that children can remember? F: Talk about what is important to me and to other people with respect for feelings. To discuss this with relation to faith buildings and places of worship, talking about where we pray and why.	about the features of holy places. E: Talk about what I find interesting about the things I have learnt about different faiths and other belief systems. To relate this to our understanding of what bad and good means.
Vocabulary	Rama/Sita/good/evil/Diva Lamps/Hanuman/firework s Lantern/Ravan/Lakshmi/ Hindu Pooja thali/Rangoli/celebrate/ festival lights/ characters/symbols	Gudwara/Temple/ Church/mosque/ Synagogue	Music/spiritual/hymn/ Choir/instruments/'As- SalamuAlaykum' Hijab/Prayer/cap/Adhan	Sabbath/Shabbat/Havdal ah Challah/candles/synagog ue/church Prohibition/laws/celebrat ion /holy/Creation story/day of	Bible/New Testament/ Religion/ Ancient Eastern religion/Persia/ India/Scriptures Songs of the Prophet	Jesus/disciple/ Friends/Teachings/ lessons/Readings/ Church/community/service/Bi ble/ Parable/Sins/good deeds
Year 2	How do we remember people and why? <u>C/E Humanism and</u> <u>Christianity</u>	What makes a home? C/D Hinduism and Jainism	How are we the same and different from people and does it matter? B/D Islam and Baha'i	What rules are the most important and why? B/F Judaism	What does faith say about change? How does it make us feel and how can we become better? <u>A/F Buddhism</u>	How are we the same and different from other people and does it matter? B/D Islam and Baha'i
KNOWLEDGE	Children will share memories of people who are special in their lives and those who may not be in their lives anymore.	Children will be encouraged to share and learn about why their homes are special and why some people use it as a special	Children will learn about the founders of both religions i.e. Baha'I and Islam and how both believe that God is one.	Children will learn how the Torah is used by Jewish people as a guide to live their daily lives. They will also learn about some of the 10	Children will begin to learn about the story of Prince Siddharth and his transformation in the Buddha. They will share how they have changed	Children will learn about the founders of both religions i.e. Baha'I and Islam and how both believe that God is one. They will also explore different names of God.

	They will explore the role of soldiers during the World Wars and reflect on how they are remembered during November. Children will also discuss why it is important to remember people, including people from the Humanist and Christian faiths during certain celebrations e.g remembering Jesus during Easter and Christmas, as well as celebrating lives according to the Humanist belief system.	prayer space. They will also be taught about different food in the home and why some food may not be welcome because of faith e.g beef in Hinduism or Pork in Islam. Also to explore how behaviour in home teaches people of faith and other belief systems to behave in a certain way in order to respect their special prayer space.	They will also explore different names of God. Children will discuss how they are similar but the same and how this is reflected in school, as well as wider society. They will observe prayer in Islam and the practice which involves everyone praying together with the same actions, celebrations and following guidance from God. Children will compare this to the Baha'I faith that all religions are rooted from one God and everyone is equal regardless of faith.	commandments, which were shared by Moses to the Israelites and the rest of the world as God's own words. Children will compare school rules and how they are similar or different to their own. They will also address why religion has rules and how different religions e.g. Islam also uses rules from the Qur'an to help Muslims lead a good Muslim life.	from Reception to Year 2 children and reflect on these changes as good or bad ones. Children will learn to develop empathetic and sympathetic skills in order to help each other. These positive skills will enable children to feel better about themselves. Children will also relate changes in the seasons and how each season brings its own feelings.	Children will discuss how they are similar but the same and how this is reflected in school, as well as wider society. They will observe prayer in Islam and the practice which involves everyone praying together with the same actions, celebrations and following guidance from God. Children will compare this to the Baha'I faith that all religions and rooted from one God and everyone is equal regardless of faith.
EXPERIENCE & SKILLS	C: Recognise art, symbols and words featured in religions and other belief systems, and talk about them with reference to the Puja ceremony for Hinduism and morning prayer for Jainism. To be able to talk about representations of Jesus in paintings and statues in churches and in art. Eg The	C: Recognise art, symbols and words featured in religions and other belief systems, and talk about them with reference to the Puja ceremony for Hinduism and morning prayer for Jainism. To be able to talk about representations	 B: Use the right names for things that are special to members of religions and other belief systems and say what they are or what they are used for. To be able to talk about this with reference to the Puja ceremony and to the artefacts looked at in our unit on Judaism. To use some of the correct 	B: Use the right names for things that are special to members of religions and other belief systems and say what they are or what they are used for. To be able to talk about this with reference to the Puja ceremony and to the artefacts looked at in our unit on Judaism. To use some of the correct	A: Remember a story about a special person in Christianity/Hinduism or from another belief system and talk about it and say what was important about it. Reference to the people remembered by Humanists/Remembrance Day. F: talk about what is important to me and to	 B. Use the right names for things that are special to members of religions and other belief systems and say what they are or what they are used for. To be able to talk about this with reference to the Puja ceremony and to the artefacts looked at in our unit on Judaism. To use some of the correct terminology to
	Last Supper painting. E: Talk about what I find interesting or puzzling. Discuss what makes people ask questions regarding	of Jesus in paintings and statues in churches and in art. Eg The Last Supper painting.	terminology to describe Muslim prayer and practices. To use some correct terms to describe the Bahai faith.	terminology to describe Muslim prayer and practices.	other people with respect for their feelings giving some reasons why they are important.	describe Muslim prayer and practices. To use some correct terms to describe the Bahai faith. To know why and how some

	why we remember people		To know why and how some	To use some correct	To be able to talk about	faiths have dietary
	and how we do this.	D: To talk about things	faiths have dietary	terms to describe the	what is important to	requirements and what these
	and now we do this.	that happen to me and	requirements and what	Bahai faith.	Christians and to Jain and	
			•			are.
		what I feel about them	these are.	To know why and how	Hindu families.	
		with reference to our		some faiths have dietary		D: To talk about things that
		routines at home and	D: To talk about things that	requirements and what	Key Vocabulary:	happen to me and what I feel
		how we might worship,	happen to me and what I	these are.	change/nature/Beliefs/	about them with reference to
		what we eat at home	feel about them with		Buddhist Buddha/Kindness	our routines at home and how
		and how we organise	reference to our routines at	F: talk about what is	Origins/Humility/	we might worship, what we
		our days.	home and how we might	important to me and to	Selflessness/self	eat at home and how we
		To discuss ideas and	worship, what we eat at	other people with	improvement	organise our days.
		refer to what we have	home and how we organise	respect for their feelings		To discuss ideas and refer to
		learnt, for example	our days.	giving some reasons why		what we have learnt, for
		why the Bahai think we	To discuss ideas and refer to	they are important. To be		example why the Bahai think
		are all the same.	what we have learnt, for	able to talk about what is		we are all the same.
		To discuss how have	example why the Bahai think	important to Christians		To discuss how we have
		we changed and what	we are all the same.	and to Jain and Hindu		changed and what changes
		changes should we	To discuss how we have	families.		should we continue to make
		continue to make to	changed and what changes			to become better people?
		become better people?	should we continue to make			to become better people.
		become better people:	to become better people?			
			to become better people!			
Vocabulary	Anniversaries/birthdays/let	Vegetarian/shrine/pray	Lunar calendar, Crescent/	10 commandments		Lunar calendar, Crescent/
	ters	er Community/dietary	moon/	/mitzvah/rules/laws		moon/ Imam/
	Festivals/cross/blood/wine	requirement/Home	Imam/ Qur'an/Diversity	Community/Torah		Qur'an/Diversity Differences/
	Remember, Humanism,	/Jainism/Hinduism/Ro	Differences/ Similarities			
	Last supper, Death,	om Special/				
	Reincarnation/Remembran	Features/Hindu				
	ce Remembrance Day	Mantras/Murtis/Yanra				
		Shrine/Pictures/Prayer				
		Universe/Puja/Worshi				
		p Worshippers				

Year 3	What can we learn from	What do Christians do	What are our most religious	Should holy books be	What makes some places	How do faith groups mark
	the life of Buddha about	when they pray?	artefacts and symbols? How	treated differently to	sacred?	naming ceremonies?
	being happy?	A/E Christianity	do they show what we	other books?	C/F Christianity and Islam	
	<u>A/F Buddhism</u>		believe?	<u>C/E Islam</u>		<u>B/E Hinduism</u>
			<u>B/D Judaism</u>			
KNOWLEDGE	Children will understand	They will discuss how	Children will explore the role	Children will learn about	Children will learn about	Children will learn about the
	different ways people pray	the 4 apocalypses to	of artefacts and how they	the importance of their	different places that are	significance of certain names,
	whether it is at home or in	mankind changed his	give clues about the past.	own books and how they	important to people of	including their own. They will
	a place of worship. They	views on life. They will	They will be encouraged to	are treated compared to	different faiths but not to	share how their names were
	will also look at different	also discuss how their	question past events and	religious books. They will	others.	chosen and understand that
	types of prayer from	own families shelter	how our ancestors may have	understand the	They will explore Lourdes	different religions mark
	different religions. Children	them from bad things	lived. Children will also	importance of religious	and Hajj as significant	naming ceremonies in
	will explore how prayer is a	 what does that stop 	explain how different	books mad the correct	places for Christians and	different ways e.g. Chutti in
	private conversation with	you from learning or	symbols depict different	names of holy books for	Muslims. Children will	Hinduism, using the first letter
	God, where people can	doing? Is it to do with	areas of their lives, including	the 6 major religions.	explore the journey of Hajj	of a specific page in the Guru
	share their deepest	age? Children will learn	those in Judaism e.g. star of	Children will explore the	and why it is important for	Grant Sahib, 99 names of
	thoughts and feelings, as	about the importance	David, Mezuzah etc.	role of the Qur'an using	every Muslim to go on this	Allah in Islam and a Humanist
	well as asking for guidance.	of being happy with	Children will explore Jewish	personal reflection from	pilgrimage at least once in	naming ceremony. They will
	Children will learn about	others and within	artefacts to help understand	children in the class and	their lifetime.	also explore religious names
	the full story of Buddha	themselves. They will	their significance even after	share how they treat	They will also understand	of famous religious leaders
	and his path to	learn about the Wheel	so many years	their holy book at home,	the stories behind these	and how it links to their
	enlightenment. They will	of Dharma and the 8		as well as attending	places and why people	personalities e.g. Jesus, Ram,
	discuss how the 4	fold path		Arabic classes to read the	continue to visit special	Moses.
	apocalypses to mankind			Qur'an. They will reflect	places.	
	changed his views on life.			on different parts of the		
	They will also discuss how			Qur'an and how it guided		
	their own families shelter			Muslims to lead good		
	them from bad things –			lives, including what they		
	what does that stop you			should eat and wear.		
	from learning or doing?					
	Is it to do with age?					
	Children will learn about					
	the importance of being					
	happy with others and					
	within themselves. They					
	will learn about the Wheel					

	of Dharma and the 8 fold					
EXPERIENCE & SKILLS	of Dharma and the 8 fold path. A: Ask important questions about different faith practices and compare some answers. To do this by linking our own ideas about how to lead a good life to what we have learnt about Christianity and Buddhism and how prayer and meditation can bring you closer to God in different ways. To reflect on the different ways religious people believe you can worship God. F: To start to understand how commitment to a faith eg Islam involves not only time taken in prayer but to give sincerity to prayer. To find out about the commitment of doing good deeds with relation to Buddhism.	A: Ask important questions about different faith practices and compare some answers. To do this by linking our own ideas about how to lead a good life to what we have learnt about Christianity and Buddhism and how prayer and meditation can bring you closer to God in different ways. To reflect on the different ways religious people believe you can worship God. E: Through looking at the different ways Christians worship, not only through prayer, pupils can find out about the meaning and purpose of life, and to think about how this means not only to fulfil our own needs but to	 B: To learn about practices and ways of life by looking at how Hindus celebrate a birth and the different artefacts central to Judaism, pupils will discover not only the different practices of these faiths but also understand why they are meaningful and what they bring to people of faith. D: Being able to talk about identity and belonging through looking at items used for worship, religious dress, daily rituals and worship and to relate this to their own lives. 	C: Pupils will think about different forms of expression through close examination of different Holy texts, their stories and the lessons we learn from them. To think about prayer and what makes a place Holy and Sacred and why visiting these places is a form of worship and what that means. E: Through looking at the different ways Christians worship, not only through prayer, pupils can find out about the meaning and purpose of life, and to think about how this means not only to fulfil our own needs but to do good for others. When considering the Hindu naming ceremony, pupils should think about the meaning behind all of the symbols	C: Pupils will think about different forms of expression through close examination of different Holy texts, their stories and the lessons we learn from them. To think about prayer and what makes a place Holy and Sacred and why visiting these places is a form of worship and what that means. F: To start to understand how commitment to a faith eg Islam involves not only time taken in prayer but to give sincerity to prayer. To find out about the commitment of doing good deeds with relation to Buddhism.	B: To learn about practices and ways of life by looking at how Hindus celebrate a birth and the different artefacts central to Judaism, pupils will discover not only the different practices of these faiths but also understand why they are meaningful and what they bring to people of faith. E: Through looking at the different ways Christians worship, not only through prayer, pupils can find out about the meaning and purpose of life, and to think about how this means not only to fulfil our own needs but to do good for others. When considering the Hindu naming ceremony, pupils should think about the meaning behind all of the symbols in the ceremony and how this ceremony encourages Hindus to think about important milestones in their lives with reference to
		· ·				
		should think about the		milestones in their lives		

		meaning behind all of the symbols in the ceremony and how this ceremony encourages Hindus to think about important milestones in their lives with reference to their faith.		with reference to their faith.		
Vocabulary	Buddha Buddhism Rebirth Reincarnation Enlightenment Siddhartha Gothama Bodhi tree Poverty Riches Suffering Renounce	Church/prayer/psalms/ hymns/liturgy/scriptur e/pew/ hassock/sermon/vicar/ priest/vigil/Meditation /art	Torah/mezuzah/kippa/ prayer shawl (Talith)/candlesticks/ Uniform/different/belonging / community Identity/Magen David (Star of David)/ Menorah/tefillin parchment/laws/ commandments/ Shema prayer/covenant/ Menorah/Rededication Temple/Jerusalem	Quran Bible Torah Hebrew Arabic Sanskrit The Vidas		Deed poll/ Nickname/Surname/ First name/Christian name Nom de plume/Pen name (authors who hid their name and why) Anonymous/ Reputation
Year 4	What do we mean by peace and where is it to be found? <u>C/E Christianity</u>	What does it mean to be sorry and how can we tell? A/D Judaism	Does it matter what we wear and why? <u>C/F Sikhism</u>	In what ways is religion relevant today and in the future? B/D Christianity	How is Humanism the same as and different to religion? A/D Humanism	What role do places of worship have in communities? B/F Islam
KNOWLEDGE	Children will learn about the different symbols of peace from the 6 major religions. They will also understand how the Beatitudes help those who follow the Christian faith learn to make choices about Peace. Children will learn how the birth of	Children will learn about the different ways people say sorry and ways they show that they are. They will also explore how different religions require an element of sacrifice to show someone they are	Children will recognise different religious clothing across the 6 major religions. They will learn about the 5 K's in Sikhism and the importance of each piece of clothing to Sikhs. Children will understand why people of different faiths change their everyday	Children will learn how and why religion came about and why there are different religions around the world. They will explore similarities and differences between the 6 major religions and the common themes between them. Children	Children will learn about the belief systems of the major religions and compare and contrast their themes. They will also begin to explore the role of Humanism and its belief embedded in science. Children will find	Children will explore the origins of places of worship in this country e.g. the first temple in Bradford, Gudwara in Shepherds Bush, Woking Mosque etc. They will learn to understand why people from abroad needed a community that shared the same values as they did and ways to keep

	Christ symbolises PEACE around the world, especially during Christmas time. They will also be given the chance to create their own symbol of peace and express their opinion about their creation.	sorry e.g. Yom Kippur and during Rosh Hashanah to forgive those from the previous year. Children will also learn about the story of Jonah and the Whale, especially how difficult it was for Jonah to forgive the people of Ninevah. They will be able to reflect upon their own mistakes using the story of 'Max' which depicts his choices and how they affected those around him. Children will also learn that actions speak	clothes when they visit a place of worship and recognise specific clothing worn during celebrations e.g. Eid, Rosh Hashanah, Diwali, Confirmation etc.	will compare belief systems between a nonreligious and 1 major religion (Humanist and Christianity.) To understand how the role of Jesus has changed through time and how his importance has also changed with time – is this for the best or not?	similarities between religions and Humanism to explore how different they really are. Children will learn about Humanist celebrations including naming ceremonies and a wedding.	them alive in a different country. Children will also learn about the strength of community in Sikhism and debate whether there is any need for places of worship anymore in this country.
		because it is used so often.				
EXPERIENCE & SKILLS	C: To discuss and describe how religious and other beliefs, ideas and feelings are expressed in a range of styles and suggest what they mean. To think about this in relation to a way of dress and a code of behaviour (expressing inner peace for example).	A: In thinking about Beliefs, Teachings and Sources pupils will look at the texts used for prayer during the Jewish High Holy Days and consider the prayers about forgiveness and repentance and what they mean on a personal and	C: To discuss and describe how religious and other beliefs, ideas and feelings are expressed in a range of styles and suggest what they mean. To think about this in relation to a way of dress and a code of behaviour (expressing inner peace for example).	B: To look at worship in a community and think about how these practices bring people together and create a lifestyle around which religious people organise their lives. Relating to own lives with school and assemblies.	A: In thinking about Beliefs, Teachings and Sources pupils will look at the texts used for prayer during the Jewish High Holy Days and consider the prayers about forgiveness and repentance and what they mean on a personal and communal level. To think about the texts and references that	B: To look at worship in a community and think about how these practices bring people together and create a lifestyle around which religious people organise their lives. Relating to own lives with school and assemblies. To consider how belief in Jesus is central to Christianity.

	E: To ask questions about the meaning and purpose of life, and suggest a range of answers which might be given by themselves as well as members of different religious groups. To consider what makes a Christian feel peaceful and why.	communal level. To think about the texts and references thatHumanists use and the nonreligious belief system that they follow and why. D: To ask questions about who we are and where we belong, and suggest answers which refer to people who have inspired and influenced themselves and others. To think about why repentance is important in a faith and how you can belong to or have a world view that is not based on God or a religious belief. If Humanists do not have a belief in God how do they connect to each other and come	F: To ask questions about the moral decisions we make, and suggest what might happen as a result of different decisions, including those made with reference to religious beliefs/values. Thinking about why Muslims pray as a community and its impact on their faith.	To consider how belief in Jesus is central to Christianity. D: To ask questions about who we are and where we belong, and suggest answers which refer to people who have inspired and influenced themselves and others. To think about why repentance is important in a faith and how you can belong to or have a worldview that is not based on God or a religious belief. If Humanists do not have a belief in God how do they connect to each other and come together as they do not pray.	Humanists use and the nonreligious belief system that they follow and why. D: To ask questions about who we are and where we belong, and suggest answers which refer to people who have inspired and influenced themselves and others. To think about why repentance is important in a faith and how you can belong to or have a worldview that is not based on God or a religious belief. If Humanists do not have a belief in God how do they connect to each other and come together as they do not pray.	F: To ask questions about the moral decisions we make, and suggest what might happen as a result of different decisions, including those made with reference to religious beliefs/values. Thinking about why Muslims pray as a community and its impact on their faith.
		together as they do not pray.				
Vocabulary	Peace Love Jesus Disciples Teachings New Testament Bible Parables Crucifix	Rosh Hashana Yom Kippur Repentance Sorry Apology Restitution Forgiveness confession	Kesh - Keeping hair. Kanga - A small wooden comb to keep hair clean and tidy. Kaccherra - Shorts to ensure easy movement and comfort.	Gospels John Luke Mark Matthew source word of mouth parables teachings sacrifice resurrection	Science Faith Religion Respect Logic God deity Truth Belief proof	Mosque Salah Wudu Minaret Adhan Mecca Kiblan Mihrab Jimuah Prophet Muhammad Iman

Year 5	Do all actions have consequences? <u>B/F Buddhism Jainism</u>	Is it better to give than to receive? <u>C/F Islam Christianity</u>	Kara - A round, metal bracelet which symbolises that God was never born and will never die. Kirpan - A dagger which symbolises bravery; not to be used to harm anyone. Turban- Head covering Why did a Chief Rabbi say "religion is about the why of creation, science is about the how?" A/E Judaism Humanism	How did the teachings of Guru Nanak influence the teachings of Guru Gobind Singh? <u>A/E Sikhism</u>	Could the Lord's Prayer be universal? <u>C/D Christianity</u>	How do faiths define themselves? <u>C/D Baha'i</u>
KNOWLEDGE	Children will be encouraged to learn the tenets of Buddhism and Jainism. They will also learn about the idea of responsibility and how this leads to good consequences. Children will learn how being a Jain or a Buddhist could lead to good consequences and why.	Children will learn to understand how both religions place a specific emphasis on helping others and why it is so integrated in their belief system. They will also compare this belief with other religions e.g. Sikhism, who also share this belief about helping mankind for the better good. Children will learn to explore the role of charity in this country and why they are so popular – does this mean this country is still a Christian country? They will explore how acts of kindness help to bring	Children will learn about different creation stories e.g. Hinduism with Brahma, Jewish creation story and Humanist one. They will then compare and contrast these stories to answer the question of the unit. Children will learn about the 'big bang theory' and explore if any religions depict this in their belief systems. To ultimately understand that each religion has a viewpoint about the origins of the world.	Children will learn about the lives of Guru Nanak and Guru Gobind Singh and how their teachings shaped Sikhism as we know it today. They will also understand why the Guru Grant Sahib was give the ultimate title of the Guru after the 10th Guru passed	Children will be encouraged to become familiar with the Lord's prayer and its significance to Christians around the world – all denominations. They will also look at other prayers in different religions and understand if they are as well known as the Lord's Prayer. Children will be made aware that this prayer is well known in different languages	Children will learn that every religion has certain practices, prayers and events that shapes them. They will also understand how and why each practice has developed over time, but still managed to define themselves today. Children will learn that the Baha'I faith accepts all religions before its own and to know the history of the Baha'I faith and what it represents

		the community together.				
EXPERIENCE & SKILLS	 B: To be able to describe why people belong to religions and other belief systems and explain how similarities and differences within and between those religions and belief systems can make a difference to the lives of individuals and communities. To think about how people, worship and what it means to them to be able to do this either alone or with a community. F: To ask questions about things that are important to me and to other people and suggest answers which relate to my own and others' Lives. Can we think about forgiveness and giving in our own lives and what this means? 	C. To use a wide religious and other vocabulary in suggesting reasons for the similarities and differences in the ways people express their beliefs. To consider why people give charity in a religious context and why faiths worship in different ways. To think about what having a faith means and if it means you believe in one set of rules and to consider this when talking about the Bahai faith. F. To ask questions about things that are important to me and to other people and suggest answers which relate to my own and others' Lives. Can we think about forgiveness and giving in our own lives and what this means?	 A. Suggest reasons for the variety of beliefs which people hold, and explain how religious and other sources are used to provide answers to important questions. For example, when talking about Creationism. E. To ask questions about the meaning and purpose of life and suggest answers which relate to the search for truth and their own and others' lives. To think about this with reference to the discussion about Creationism and also the importance of the gurus in Sikhism. 	 A. Suggest reasons for the variety of beliefs which people hold, and explain how religious and other sources are used to provide answers to important questions. For example when talking about Creationism. E. To ask questions about the meaning and purpose of life and suggest answers which relate to the search for truth and their own and others' lives. To think about this with reference to the discussion about Creationism and also the importance of the gurus in Sikhism. 	C: To use a wide religious and other vocabulary in suggesting reasons for the similarities and differences in the ways people express their beliefs. To consider why people give charity in a religious context and why faiths worship in different ways. To think about what having a faith means and if it means you believe in one set of rules and to consider this when talking about the Bahai faith. D. To express their own and others' views on questions about who we are and where we belong and on the challenges of belonging to a religion or other belief system and explain what inspires and influences them. To talk about the inspiration of the Sikh leaders.	C: To use a wide religious and other vocabulary in suggesting reasons for the similarities and differences in the ways people express their beliefs. To consider why people give charity in a religious context and why faiths worship in different ways. To think about what having a faith means and if it means you believe in one set of rules and to consider this when talking about the Bahai faith. D. To express their own and others' views on questions about who we are and where we belong and on the challenges of belonging to a religion or other belief system and explain what inspires and influences them To talk about the inspiration of the Sikh leaders.
Vocabulary	Karma Buddha Rebirth reincarnation Siddharta	Charity Giving Gifts/presents/	Judaism Chief Rabbi Rabbi Genesis Bible Creation Logic	Sikhism guru Lahore Guru Nanak Caste system	Prayer	Practice Tenets of faith Religious observance Dietary

YEAR 6	Gautama, meditation, meditate, The Noble Eightfold Path, Nirvana saffron the three jewels the five vows vegetarian Why do people pray? <u>B/D Islam</u>	Volunteering Tithes Percentage Community Church Mosque The needy How responsible are we for the environment? <u>A/F Christianity</u>	Big Bang theory Science Deity God What do Christians believe is the most important event that has ever happened? <u>C/F Christianity</u>	Equality Monotheism Guru Amrit The 5 Ks Holy Book The Khalsa Guru Granth Sahib What do Christians believe is the most important event that has ever happened?	Liturgy Prayer book New testament Disciple Jesus Universal Who do we look for inspiration? <u>B/D Buddhism Humanism</u>	requirements Holy books Deity and gods Oneness of mankind 9 pointed star The Ringstone Symbol The Greatest Name The Book of Laws (Kitabi-IAqdas) Religious responsibility: What does it mean to grow up? <u>A/F Judaism Zoroastrianism</u>
KNOWLEDGE	Children will learn about the importance of prayer and how people pray in different ways across all of the 6 major religions. They will learn about the process of prayer in Islam and why it is an integral part of the religion. They will also understand how the Qur'an depicts the importance of prayer, as it is one of the 5 pillars of Islam and praying 5 times a day.	Hinduism Children will understand how important Christians value the environment because the world was created by God. They will also understand how Hindus value the environment and the importance placed on the value of the world around, by teaching everyone how much the world has to give and to use the resources sparingly.	Children will learn about important events in Christianity e.g. Christmas and Easter, along with major celebrations in other religions, e.g. Diwali, Eid, Rosh Hashanah, Baisakhi. They will learn about the importance of the resurrection and how Christians believe this to be the turning point in their religion, as Jesus made the ultimate sacrifice in order to save mankind	C/F Christianity Children will learn about important events in Christianity e.g. Christmas and Easter, along with major celebrations in other religions, e.g. Diwali, Eid, Rosh Hashanah, Baisakhi. They will learn about the importance of the resurrection and how Christians believe this to be the turning point in their religion, as Jesus made the ultimate sacrifice in order to save mankind	Children will learn about inspirational figures in Buddhism e.g. Buddha, who inspire them to carry out good deeds, say good things and think good things. They will also learn about inspiring Humanists too such as Dr Brian Cox and the influential figures in science.	Children will learn about how both Judaism and Zoroastrianism mark coming of age and therefore the turning point of independence when concerning religious responsibility. They will also learn about other coming of age ceremonies and how they lend themselves to religious responsibility, however, how relevant are these today, especially in such a secular society?
EXPERIENCE & SKILLS	B: To talk about what different practices and ways of life followers of religions and other belief systems have developed, explaining how beliefs have had different effects on individuals,	A: To be able to say what religions and other belief systems teach about some of the big questions of life, using different sources and arguments to explain the reasons	C. To use correct religious and philosophical vocabulary in explaining what the significance of different forms of religious, spiritual and moral expression might be for believers and to relate this	C. To use correct religious and philosophical vocabulary in explaining what the significance of different forms of religious, spiritual and moral expression might be for	B: To talk about what different practices and ways of life followers of religions and other belief systems have developed, explaining how beliefs have had different effects on individuals, communities	A: To be able to say what religions and other belief systems teach about some of the big questions of life, using different sources and arguments to explain the reasons for diversity within and between them.

	communities and societies. This will tie in with thinking and talking about prayer and who we look for when we want inspiration. To understand the significance behind certain festivals and why they are celebrated eg in Islam. D. To consider the challenges of belonging to a religion or other belief system today with reference to their own and other people's views on human nature and society, supporting those views with reasons and examples. This will be relevant particularly to the units about festivals, prayer and	for diversity within and between them. To relate this to questions about the environment and the age of responsibility in religions. F. To use reasoning and examples to express insights into the relationship between beliefs, teachings and world issues, focusing on things that are important to them. For example expressing their own views about their faith and religious responsibility and caring for the environment.	to the core beliefs of Christians and Sikhs. F. To use reasoning and examples to express insights into the relationship between beliefs, teachings and world issues, focusing on things that are important to them. For example expressing their own views about their faith and religious responsibility and caring for the environment.	believers and to relate this to the core beliefs of Christians and Sikhs. F. To use reasoning and examples to express insights into the relationship between beliefs, teachings and world issues, focusing on things that are important to them. For example expressing their own views about their faith and religious responsibility and caring for the environment.	and societies. This will tie in with thinking and talking about prayer and who we look for when we want inspiration. To understand the significance behind certain festivals and why they are celebrated eg in Islam. D. To consider the challenges of belonging to a religion or other belief system today with reference to their own and other people's views on human nature and society, supporting those views with reasons and examples. This will be relevant particularly to the units about festivals, prayer and figures who inspire us.	To relate this to questions about the environment and the age of responsibility in religions. F. To use reasoning and examples to express insights into the relationship between beliefs, teachings and world issues, focusing on things that are important to them. For example expressing their own views about their faith and religious responsibility and caring for the environment.
Vocabulary	figures who inspire us. Islam Muslim mosque adhan Allah prayer Makkah Mihrab clean wash wudu Qiblah direction stand bow prostrate	Protect Climate change Recycling Harvest Creation Environmental humanism Evolution Ecology Organic Preservation	Resurrection Easter Jesus Crucifix Christianity	Resurrection Easter Jesus Crucifix Christianity	Heroes Inspire Reputation Fame Inventor Art Science Reputation Dalai Lama	Rites of passage Responsibility Bar mitzvah Bat mitzvah The Torah Mitzvah Service Coming of age Adolescence